

Presenter:

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Carbon Limits











Introduction to environmental integrity



Definition

Environmental integrity
means that global GHG
emissions are no higher as a
result of carbon crediting
than they would have been
in a scenario without such
cooperation

Attributes

Real

- Total GHG emissions to the atmosphere need to be lower due to the implementation of the project
- Compare resulting project emissions to baseline scenario
- Conservative
- Emission reductions achieved should be quantified robustly and conservatively with reliable science-based measurement approaches
- Use of quantification methodologies, e.g. CDM/Gold Standard/VCS
- Additional
- Deviation from the baseline scenario would not have occurred in the absence of the crediting program
- Additionality assessment integrated into methodologies
- Permanent
- Emissions reduced as a result of the project implementation cannot be re-released into the atmosphere
- Verified
- Emissions reductions achieved can be independently substantiated by a qualified/accredited third party.
- Not double counted
- One credit/unit represents only one ton of CO₂e emissions and no double counting has occurred



Supply of carbon credits in generated through different types of crediting mechanisms



International

Governed by international climate treaties and are usually administered by international institutions



- CDM Clean Development Mechanism
- Article 6.4 (Paris Agreement Crediting Mechanism)

Independent

Administered by private and independent third-party organizations, which are often nongovernmental organizations.





- VCS Voluntary Carbon Standard
- GS Gold Standard
- CAR Climate Action Reserve
- ACR American Carbon Registry

Regional, national, sub-national Governed by their respective jurisdictional legislature and are usually administered by regional, national or subnational governments.



- Thailand Voluntary Emission Reduction Program
- Australian Carbon Credit Unit (ACCU) Scheme

Bilateral

Jointly governed by two entities. Can vary in complexity and formality, with some bilateral mechanisms being specific to a transaction.



JCM THE JOINT CREDITING • Joint Crediting Mechanism (JCM)



Initiative & rating agencies are emerging to strengthen integrity of carbon credit issued by independent crediting mechanisms



Quality initiatives and rating agencies assess carbon crediting programs, quantification methodologies and projects against quality indicators.





Calyx Global ^C





Developers can use these findings to design their projects in ways that avoid specific integrity risks.

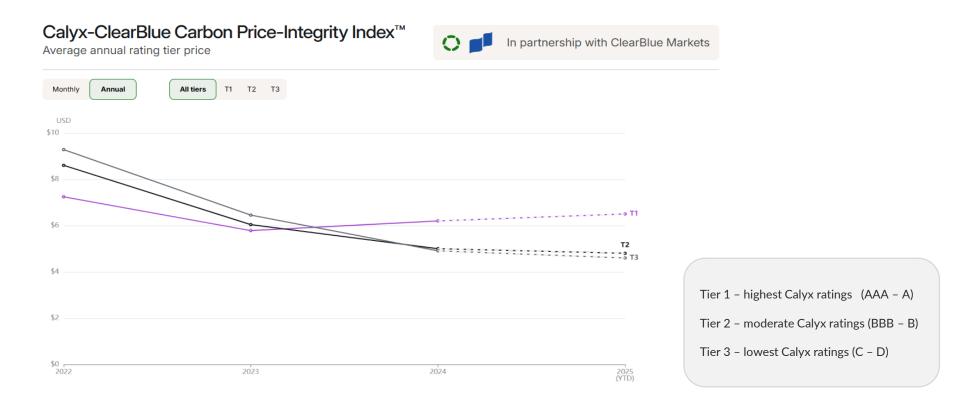






Higher quality is starting to mean higher prices

Buyers are increasingly aware that quality risks are not merely theoretical—they can lead to reputational damage, legal exposure, and climate-related consequences. As the market evolves and brokers begin distinguishing between products, more pricing signals related to quality can be expected.





SPAR 6 C Supporting Preparedness for Article 6 Cooperation

Navigating integrity in international carbon markets

Questions for project developers

- 1 Is there a crediting standard that has a methodology applying to my project?
- 2 Has this methodology been reviewed previously? If so, with what results?
- Are there any choices I can make to make the application of the methodology more conservative?
- Do I want to receive authorization from the host country? If so, what do they require?

